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## Finding Exponential Equations From Graphs

We've spent some time going from an equation to a graph, but today we're going to work backwards. To write the equation of an exponential graph in the form $f(x)=a \bullet b^{x-h}+k$, we need to find $a, b, h$, and $k$, then plug them in.

- $a$ : If it zooms up, $a$ is positive. If it zooms down, $a$ is negative. We aren't going to deal with stretch/shrink this semester.
- b: Look for the WHOLE NUMBER distances from the asymptote to the graph. What's the common ratio? That's your b term.
- h: Look for the $(0,1)$ equivalent (exactly 1 unit up from the asymptote. Has it moved left/right from the $y$-axis? If so, that's your $h$ value.
- k: Look at your asymptote.

Get all 4 pieces, plug them in, and walk away. Let's try it out!!!!!
A)
$h=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{k}=$ $\qquad$
B)

$a=$ $\qquad$
$b=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{h}=$ $\qquad$
$k=$ $\qquad$

Equation: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
3)

$\qquad$
5)

$\qquad$
2)


6)


