

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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1.  $f(x) = 3x + 5$     $g(x) = x - 3$

a.  $f(x) + g(x)$

b.  $g(x) - f(x)$

c.  $f(g(-2))$

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2.  $f(x) = x^2$     $g(x) = x - 1$

a.  $f(x) \cdot g(x)$

b.  $g(f(-3))$

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3.  $f(x) = 3x^3 - 2x$     $g(x) = 2x^2 + 4$

a.  $2f(x) + 3g(x)$

b.  $3g(x) - 4f(x)$

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4.  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 1$     $g(x) = 2x$

a.  $g(x) \cdot f(x)$

b.  $5g(x) - 3f(x)$

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5.  $f(x) = 3x$     $g(x) = x + 2$

a.  $f(x) \cdot g(x)$

b.  $g(g(x))$ 

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**Analyze the following polynomials:**

1.  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 7 - 3x - 9x^3$

standard form:

degree:

leading coefficient:

constant:

Classify (2 names):

2.  $g(x) = 7x^2 - 8x^3$

standard form:

degree:

leading coefficient:

constant:

Classify (2 names):

3.  $h(x) = 4x^2$

standard form:

degree:

leading coefficient:

constant:

Classify (2 names):

4.  $m(x) = 9x^2 + 6 - 2.3x$

standard form:

degree:

leading coefficient:

constant:

Classify (2 names):

5.  $z(x) = 2x^2 - 4 - 3x^4 + 12x^3$

standard form:

degree:

leading coefficient:

constant:

Classify (2 names):